

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/649,968	08/26/2003	. Helmut Borberg	07030.0004U2	7077
23859 7	590 07/12/2005		EXAMINER	
NEEDLE & ROSENBERG, P.C.			BIANCO, PATRICIA	
SUITE 1000 999 PEACHTE	REE STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ATLANTA, G	ATLANTA, GA 30309-3915			

DATE MAILED: 07/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/649,968	BORBERG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Patricia M. Bianco	3761				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 April 2005.						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)□ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are rejected.					
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau		_				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(c)						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other: <u>Detailed Action.</u>						
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office						
PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office Ac	ction Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 070905				

Art Unit: 3761

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

In the amendment filed 4/20/05, claim 1 was amended and claim 2 added.

Portions of the specification were amended.

Applicant indicated that a corrected version of the Abstract was attached to the response & amendment filed 4/20/05. The copy received by the USPTO did not have a corrected abstract, therefore, the objection stands.

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains legal phraseology, namely "comprising". Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Art Unit: 3761

The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Please Note: Applicant had made numerous changes to correct grammatical and typographical errors in the parent case throughout pages 1-6, 8-12, 14 & 16-18 in a preliminary amendment and the amendment filed 11/29/99. If these changes have not been made in the originally filed specification of the instant application, applicant should do so in response to this office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

Art Unit: 3761

consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over "Plasmapheresis in the treatment of critical degree of ischaemia in diabetic and angiopathies of lower extremities" (Georgadze et al.) Georgadze et al. teaches that plasmapheresis may be used for the treatment of ischemia in the lower extremities of diabetics. It is disclosed that the plasmapheresis corrects the biochemical and coagulation parameters of the blood and thereby preserves the extremity from amputation in most patients.

Plasmapheresis will remove protein, as disclosed in the article (see chart & body of article). The treatment of blood via plasmapheresis as treatment for a person diagnosed with diabetic ischemia of the foot since the foot is met since a foot is obviously part of the lower extremity. Such treatment would be beneficial to preserve the foot from amputation. With respect to the specific removal of high molecular weight protein, it would be within ordinary skill in the art to choose a plasmapheresis method to remove proteins of any desired size, such as high molecular weight proteins, using the method of Georgadze et al..

Claims 1 & 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over "Plasmapheresis in the treatment of critical degree of ischaemia in diabetic and angiopathies of lower extremities" (Georgadze et al.) in view of Malchesky et al. (4,350,156). Georgadze et al. substantially teaches the invention as claimed, see

Application/Control Number: 10/649,968

Art Unit: 3761

rejection supra, except for specifically teaching that the high molecular weight protein is lipoprotein cholesterol.

Malchesky et al. teaches of plasmafiltration of blood for the removal of high molecular weight (for example 100,000 Daltons) such as cholesterol-lipid complexes (i.e. lipoprotein cholesterol). It would have been obvious to one at the time of the invention, to modify the method of Georgadze et al. to specifically remove high molecular protein, such as lipoprotein cholesterol, as taught by Malchesky et al. if desired since both teach of removing protein from the blood to achieve a therapeutic result.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 & 2 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patricia M. Bianco whose telephone number is (571) 272-4940. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday 9:00-6:30, alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tanya Zalukaeva can be reached on (571) 272-1115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Application/Control Number: 10/649,968

Art Unit: 3761

July 9th, 2005

PATRICIA BIANCO PRIMARY EXAMINER Patricia M Bianco Primary Examiner Art Unit 3761 Page 7